



Special Concrete Applications in India

Work of the TLC2 CoE

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Technologies for Low Carbon and Lean Construction (TLC2)

IIT Madras

IIBCC Colombo, Nov 2024



Centre of Excellence on Technologies for Low-Carbon and Lean Construction



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BENNY
RAPHAEL



ASLAM KUNHI
MOHAMED



RADHAKRISHNA
PILLAI



PIYUSH
CHAUNALI



SURENDER SINGH



ASHWIN
MAHALINGAM



SIVAKUMAR
PALANIAPPAN



NIKHIL
BUGALIA



MURALI
JAGANNATHAN

Relevance: Construction materials, Construction management, and building science

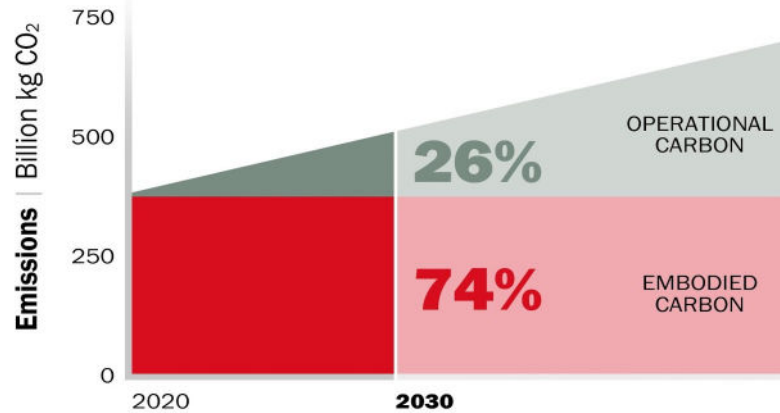
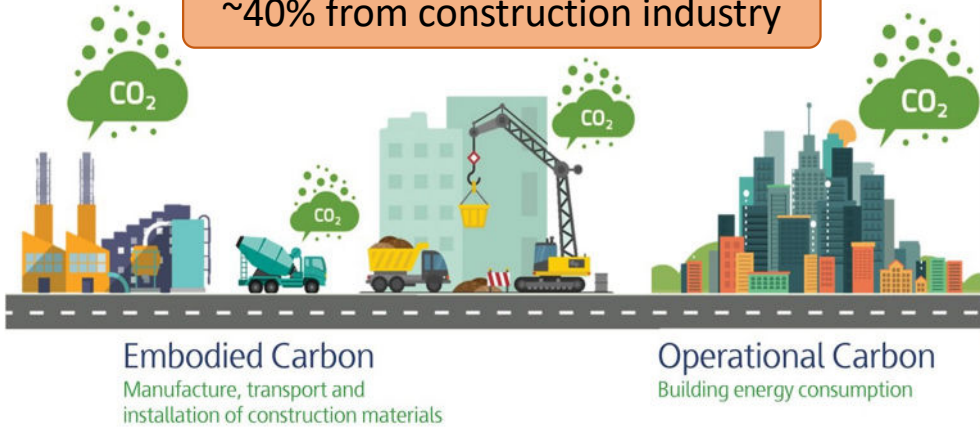
More than 30 collaborators internationally



Zero-Carbon & Zero-Waste Challenge for Construction



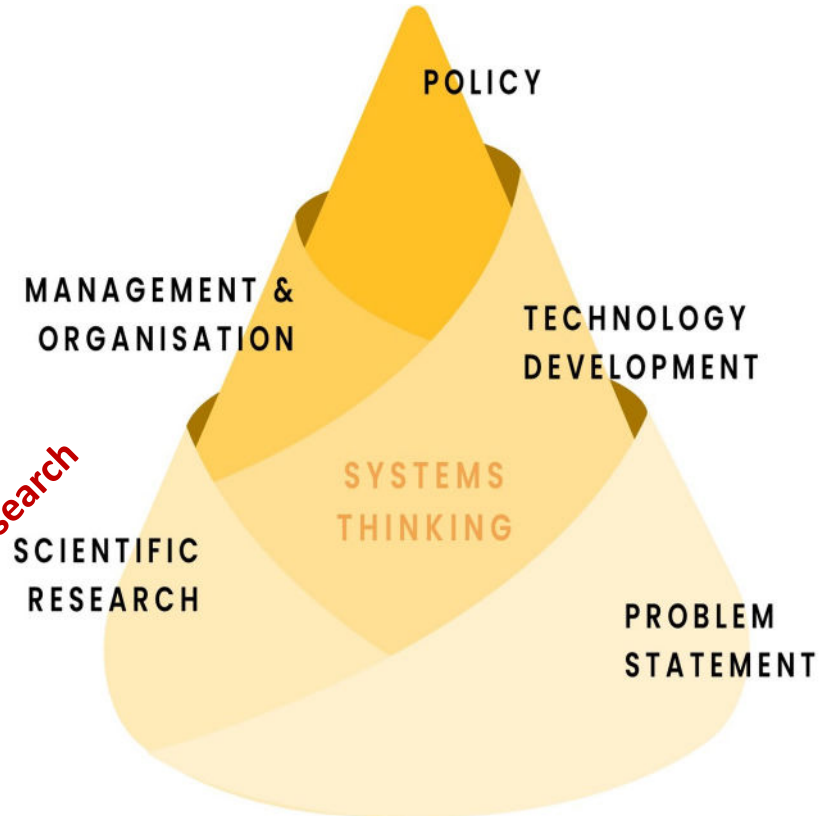
~40% from construction industry



DATA SOURCE: ARCHITECTURE 2030

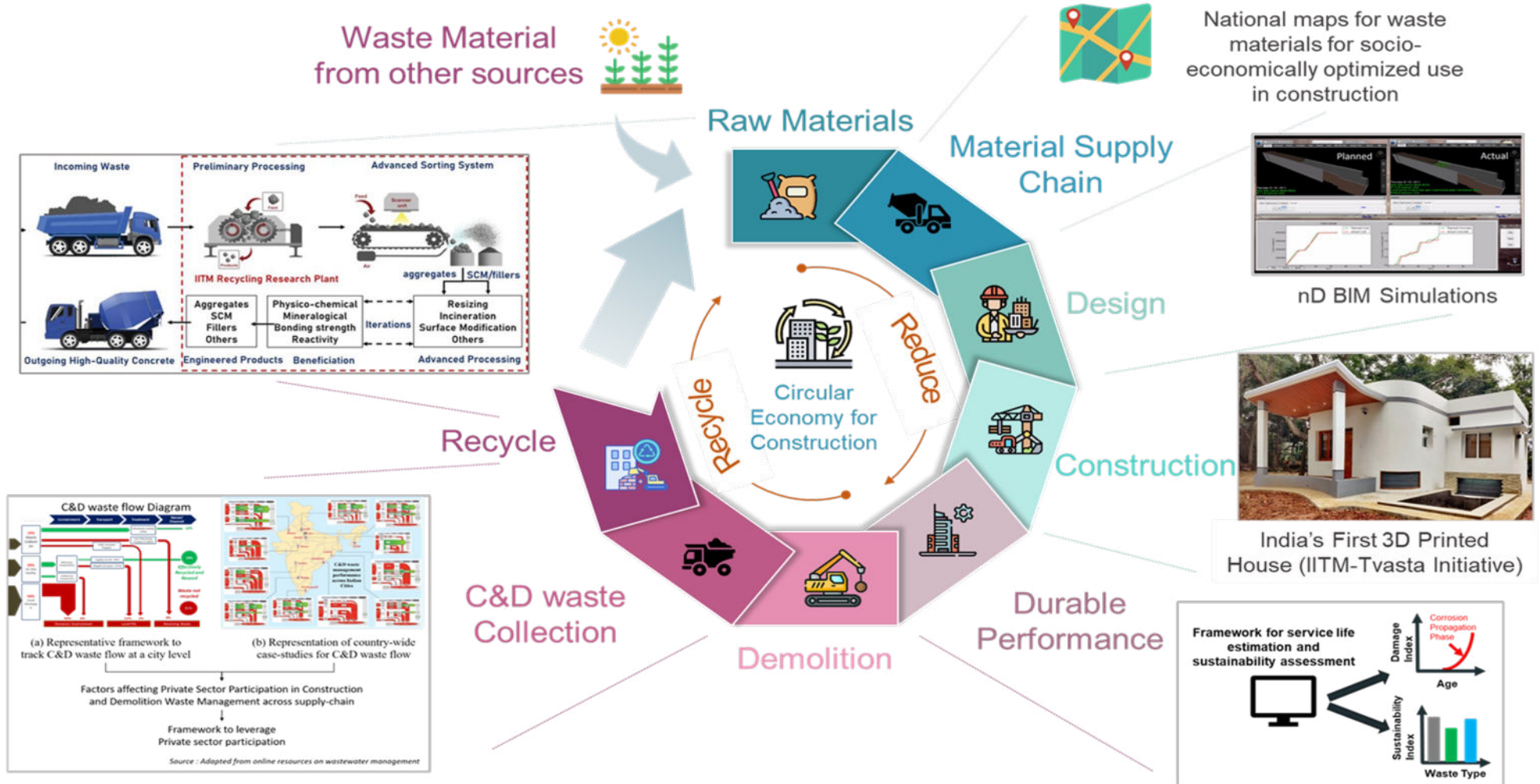
Source : <https://www.architects.org/news/the-new-net-zero>

Translational and Transformational Research



Vision

Zero-Carbon & Zero-Waste Construction

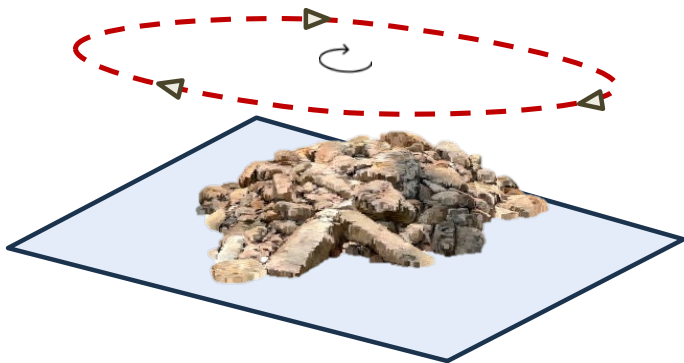


Our Projects

Use of recycled materials



**Digitized
Quantification**



**Intelligent
Segregation**



**Sustainable
Processing**

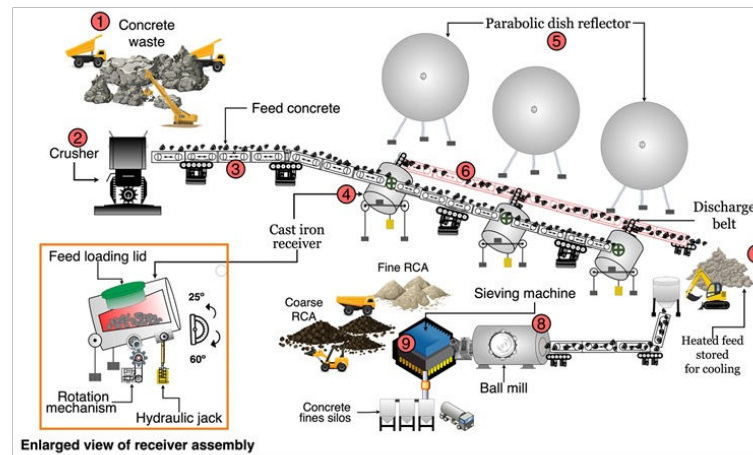
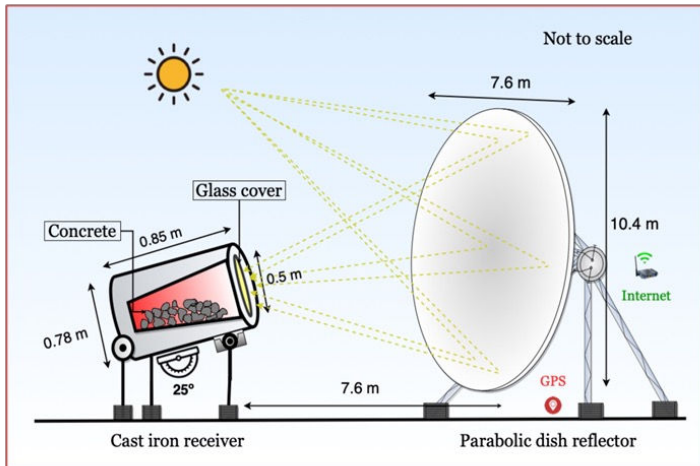


Solar Energy



Recycled Aggregates

RCA through solar processing



Proposed Plant Details

Rohit et al. 2022

Use of Recycled Asphalt Pavement (RAP)



- More than 100 m



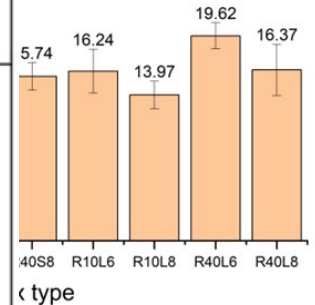
Milling of

- RAP cannot be re



Recycled Asphalt Pavement

Failure mode	Mode I: Cohesion failure of mortar	Mode II: Adhesion failure at the asphalt-mortar interface	Mode III: Cohesion failure of asphalt	Mode IV: Adhesion failure at the asphalt-aggregate interface	Mode V: Cohesion failure of aggregate
Prevalent conditions	Not observed	Mostly for limestone and sandstone aggregates when used for mortar grades \leq M20	Mostly for limestone and sandstone aggregates when used for mortar grades \geq M30 Mostly for higher grades of asphalt when aged beyond short-term aging, irrespective of aggregates mineralogy	Prevalent for granite aggregates only	Not observed



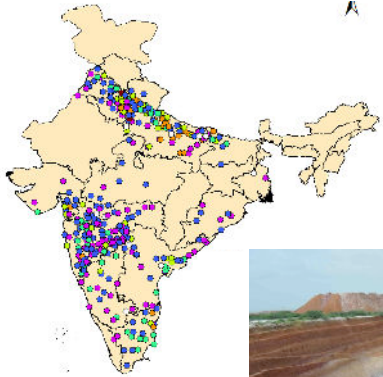
Our Projects

Low carbon concrete



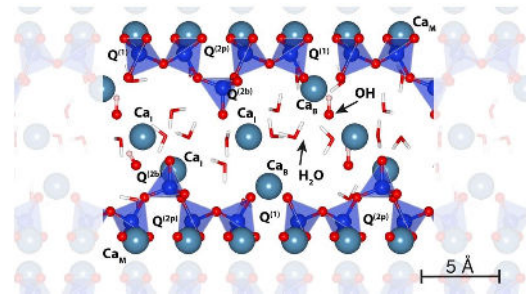
Alternative Raw Materials

Resource Mapping



- Low-Grade Limestone
- Biomass
- Overburden Clay

Low-carbon Cements



- Mini cement plant
- Low Energy Cement
- Molecular Modelling

Sustainable Concrete



- LC3 house
- LC3 Tetrapod
- Biomass Ash bricks 8

LC3 demonstration projects



» Aggressive groundwater with 17000 mg/l Chloride and 1500 mg/l Sulphate; Frequent inundation of site!



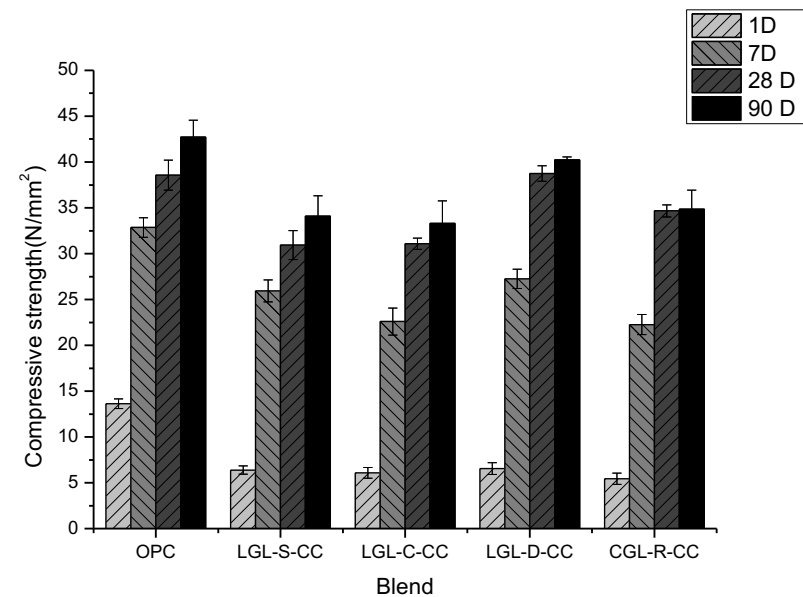
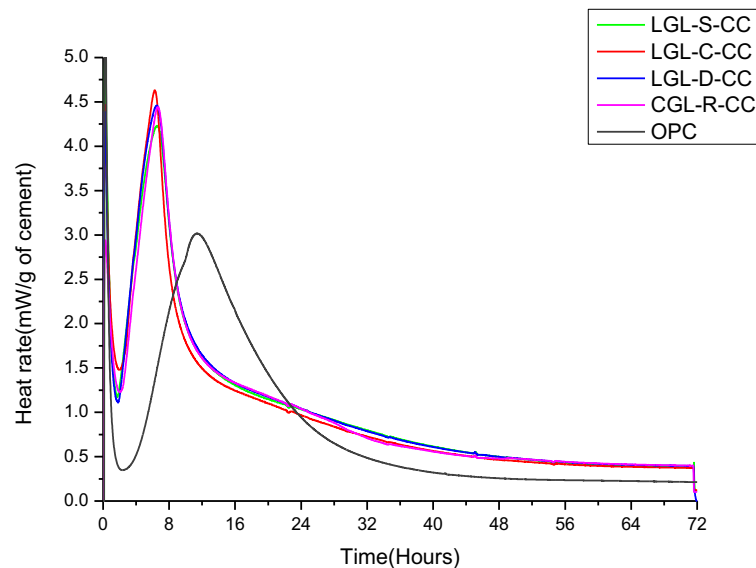
Other structures that have been in service for > 5 years:

- LC3 pavement slab at Chennai
- LC3 parking slab at high altitude (~11000 ft) at Leh

LC₃ with low grade limestone



- Limestone which doesn't qualify for cement production
- Contains impurities like **silica**, **clay**, **dolomite** etc. beyond the limits specified
- Dumped in huge quantities in mines

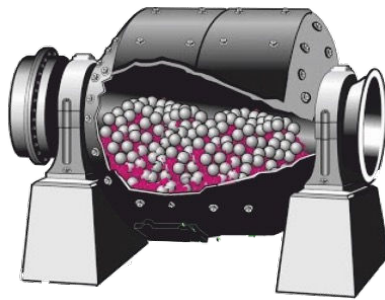


Dolomitic limestones look promising, although siliceous and clayey limestones also perform well

One-part activation of Si-rich precursor



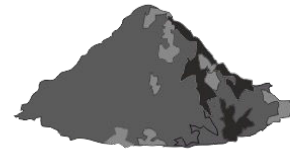
Biomass ash dried at 100 °C



Ball milling



Ground biomass ash



Powder activators



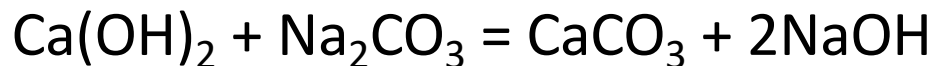
Water



Hydraulic
cement and
Mortars

Collection and drying of
a SiO₂-rich precursor

Caustification reaction



Dry mixing

Reaction products

Silica gel, CaCO₃, Ca- modified
silica gel and C-S-H

One-part activation of Si-rich precursor



**Alkali-activated
Mortars
(one-part activation)**

**Biomass ash
(paper industry)**

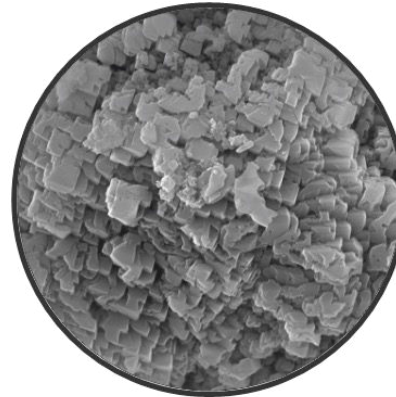
10 MPa

**RHA +
Glass
Waste**

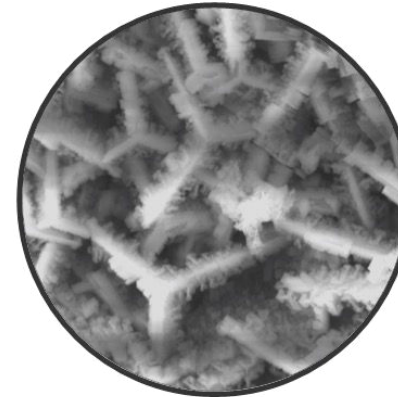
20 MPa

**RHA +
Granite
Waste**

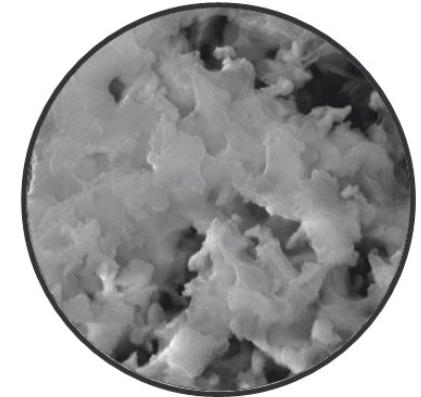
12 MPa



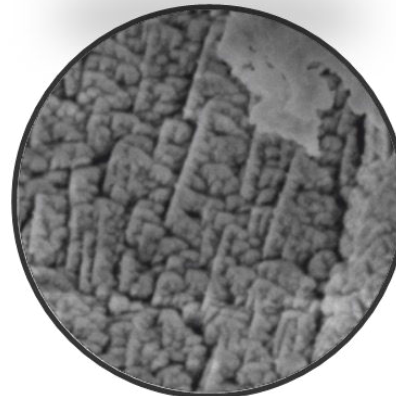
Calcite-like



**Semi-crystalline
CaCO₃**

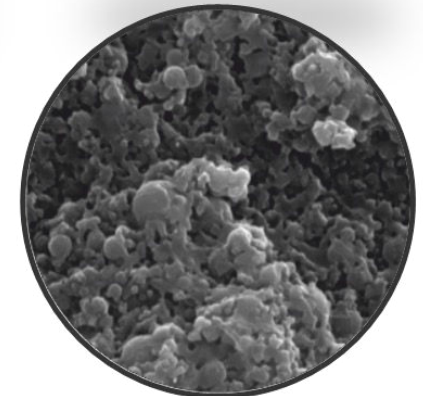


Low-Ca C-S-H



Ca-modified silica gel

**Morphology
of reaction
products**



Silica gel

Our Projects

Precast construction



Technology Development



For Patna Metro

- Tendonfill grout
- TRC Sewage treatment plant
- FRC tunnel linings

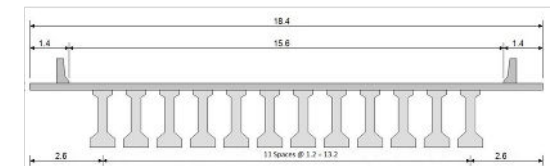
Promotion and Implementation



- Completed sports complex
- Upcoming PPVC hostel, designed for deconstruction

Standardization

M45 concrete; 1284 Tons



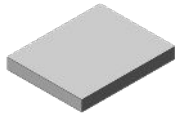
M60 concrete; 744 Tons; 40% savings



Bridge sector

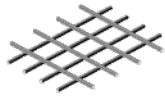
- BIS standard

Textile Reinforced Concrete (TRC)

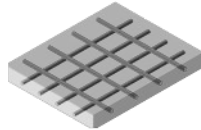


Fine Concrete Matrix

- Aggregate size < 2 mm
- High binder content



Carbon, glass,
Synthetic polymer
mats



TRC Composite

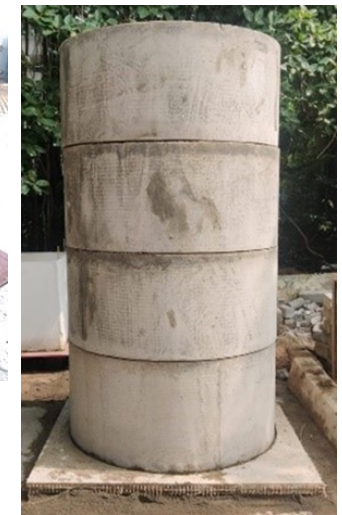
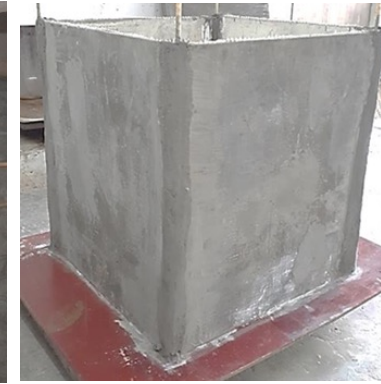


AR glass fabric

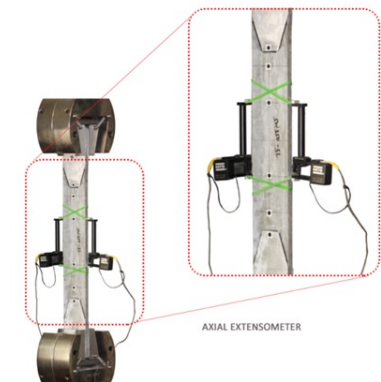
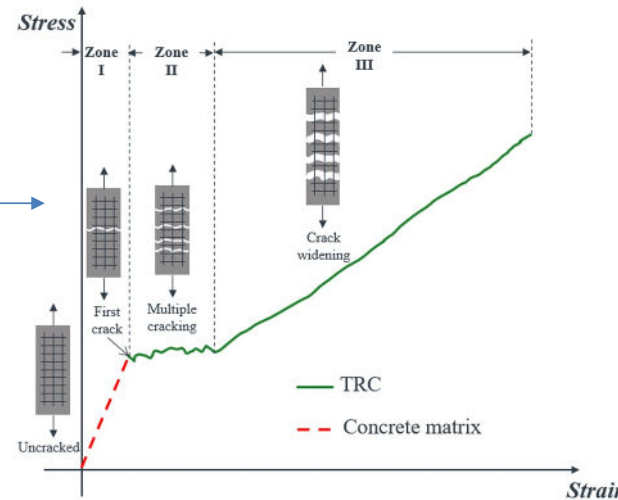
- Optimal section size
- Lower dead weight
- Durability
- Shrinkage and cracking resistance

Stage I: Initial response dominated by the matrix.
 Stage II: Multiple cracking of the matrix
 Stage III: Cracks open. Load carried by the textile filaments until rupture

Influence of number of layers, textile geometry etc. also studied

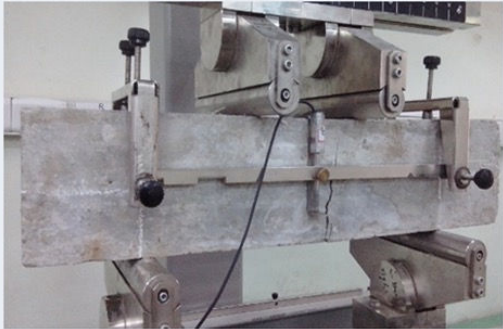





Applications: column strengthening, water tank, ring modules for sewage treatment system

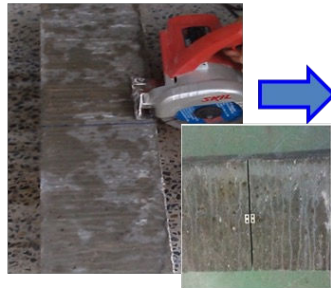


Fibre Reinforced Concrete (FRC)



	Unnotched Beam Test	Notched Beam Test
Control Variable	Displacement	CMOD
Occurrence of Crack	Within middle third span 	At the central span: Variability and scatter are less 
Measuring devices	LVDTs for displacement 	Clip gage for CMOD (LVDTs optional) 

Fibre Reinforced Concrete (FRC) – Long Term Creep



Notches of 25 mm depth and 3 mm width were made by wet saw cutting at mid span



Specimens in controlled environment, Temp 25°C and 65% RH



Pre cracking done according to EN 14651 with CMOD control

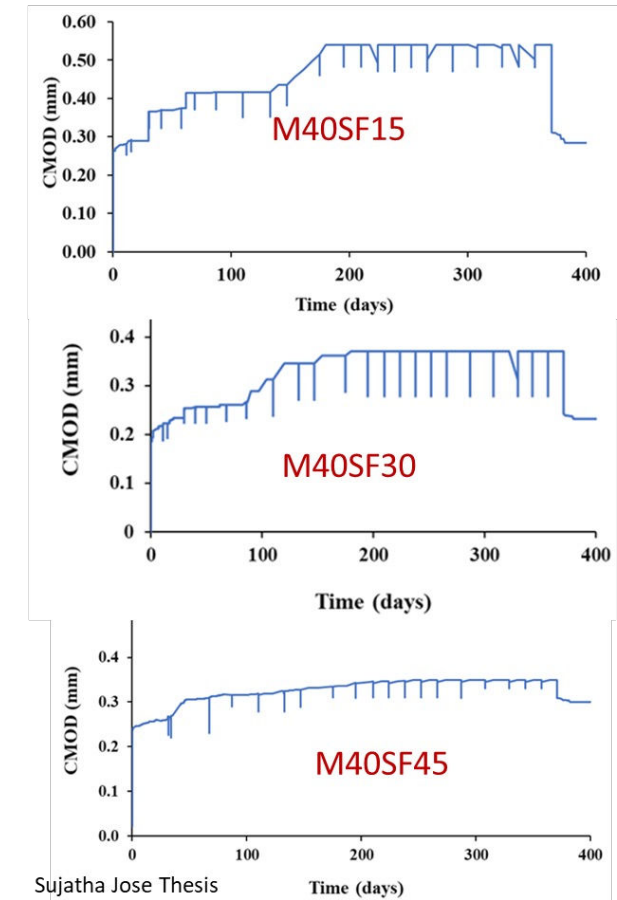


Load cells measure load and CMOD is measured by clip gauges which is connected to DAQ which monitors continuously



Creep loading is applied after a correction for two point loading (correction factor 1.43) in the frame in controlled environment

viscoelastic solid like response



Fibre Reinforced Concrete (FRC) – Plastic state cracking

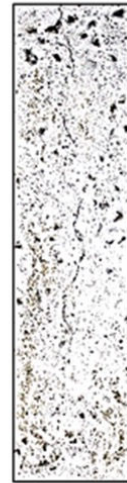


Plastic Shrinkage Mould
(ASTM C1579)

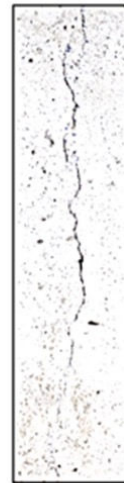


Keeping in the environmental chamber
(Controlled environment with constant
temperature, relative humidity, and
wind velocity)

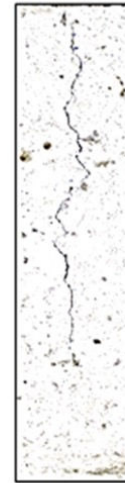
Someen Sanjeevan Khute, Shoeb Khan



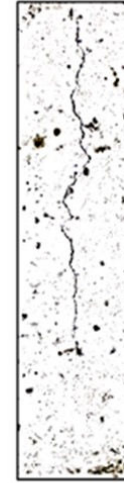
Plastic shrinkage crack in OPC mix (OC)



Plastic shrinkage crack in slag mix (GC)



Plastic shrinkage crack in slag mix with short DCF (GC-S-0.1)



Plastic shrinkage crack in slag mix with long DCF (GC-L-0.1)

Mix ID	Plastic shrinkage cracking			
	Length (mm)	Max. width (mm)	Mean width (mm)	Area (mm ²)
OC	315	0.3	0.15	50
OC-S-0.1	No cracks			
OC-S-0.4	No cracks			
OC-L-0.1	No cracks			
OC-L-0.4	No cracks			
GC	392	1.1	0.35	139
GC-S-0.1	300	0.7	0.34	103
GC-S-0.4	No cracks			
GC-L-0.1	312	0.9	0.33	106
GC-L-0.4	No cracks			

Plastic shrinkage cracking reduces with the incorporation of coir fibres in the mix.

Cracks mitigated in 0.1% dosage in OPC mix and 0.4% in slag mix irrespective of fibre lengths considered

Our Projects

Source Water Characterization



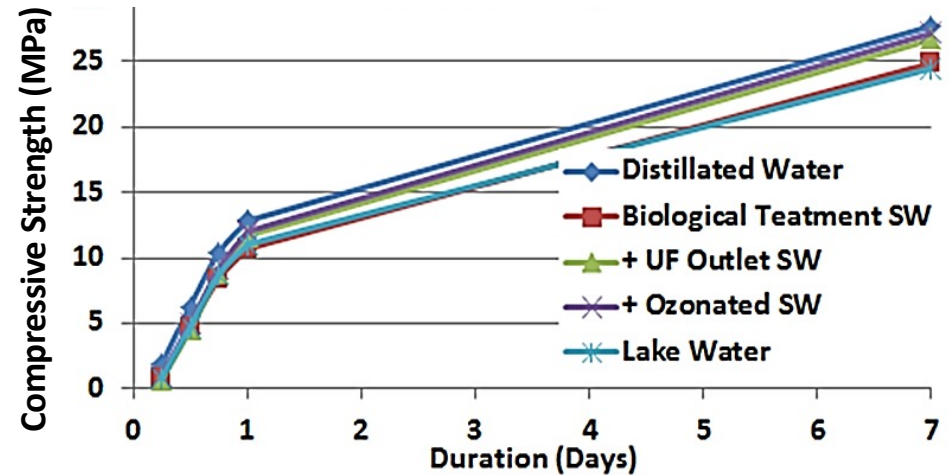
Chloride content of water used for concrete in different regions



Wastewater recycling



Concrete with Treated Wastewater



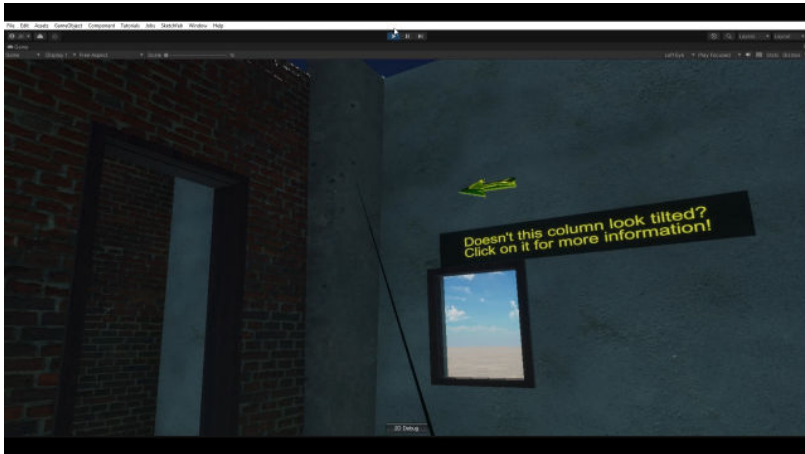
- BIS standard
- Policy to allow non-potable water (with clear guidelines) in construction

Our Projects

Quality and Safety

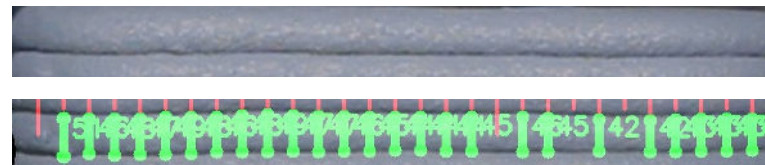
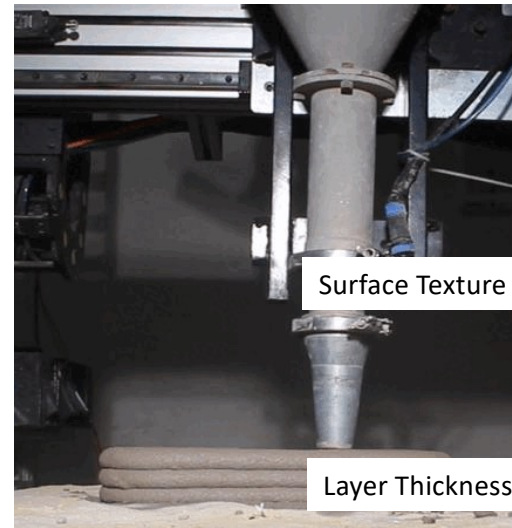


Virtual Reality Training

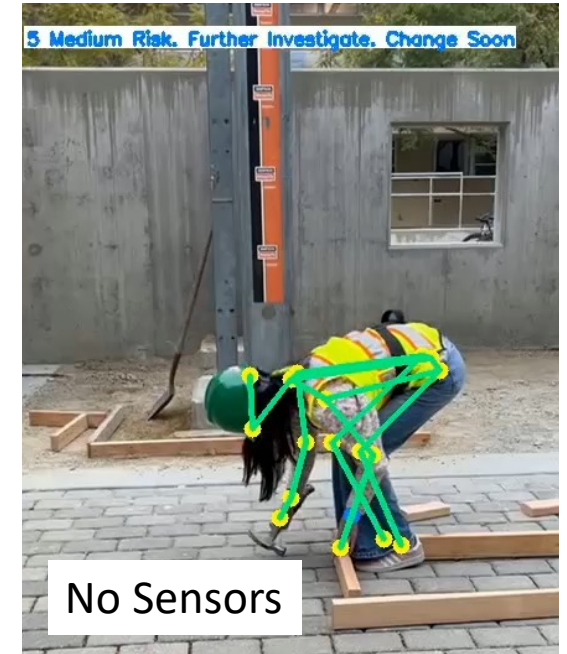


- VR training for workers for Quality

AI-based Risk Assessment



- Early Prediction of Failure



- Posture Analysis

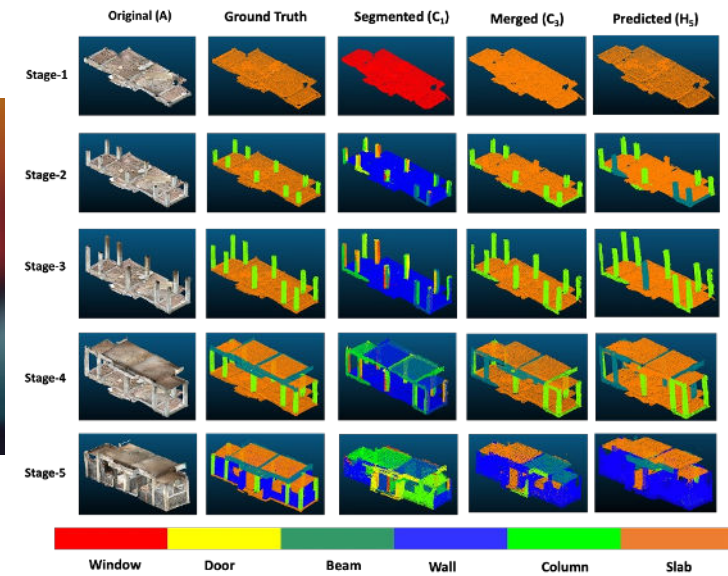
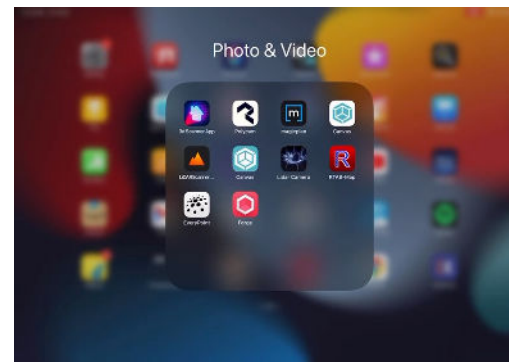
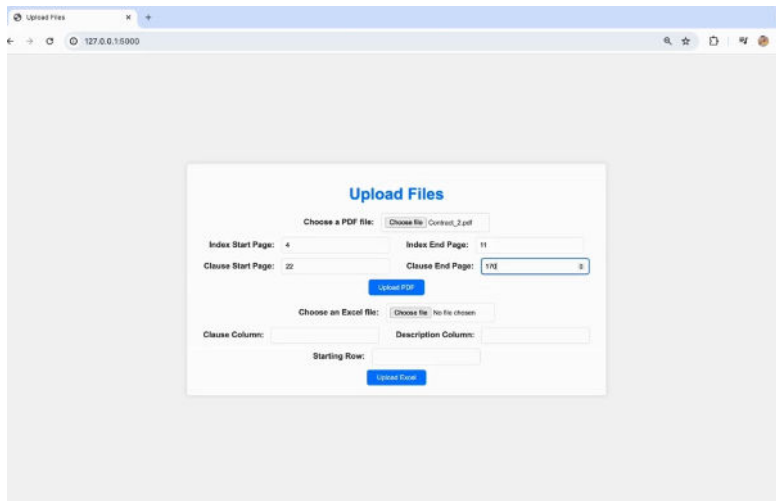
Our Projects

Contract Management



AI-based Contract Risk Assessment

AI-based Contractual Progress Monitoring



- Cross-Referencing Implicit Clauses
- Contract clauses and their risk potential

- Stage-wise progress detection

Our Projects

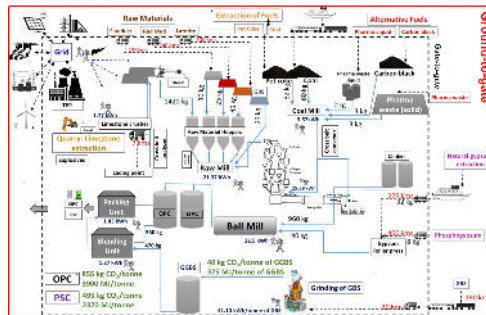
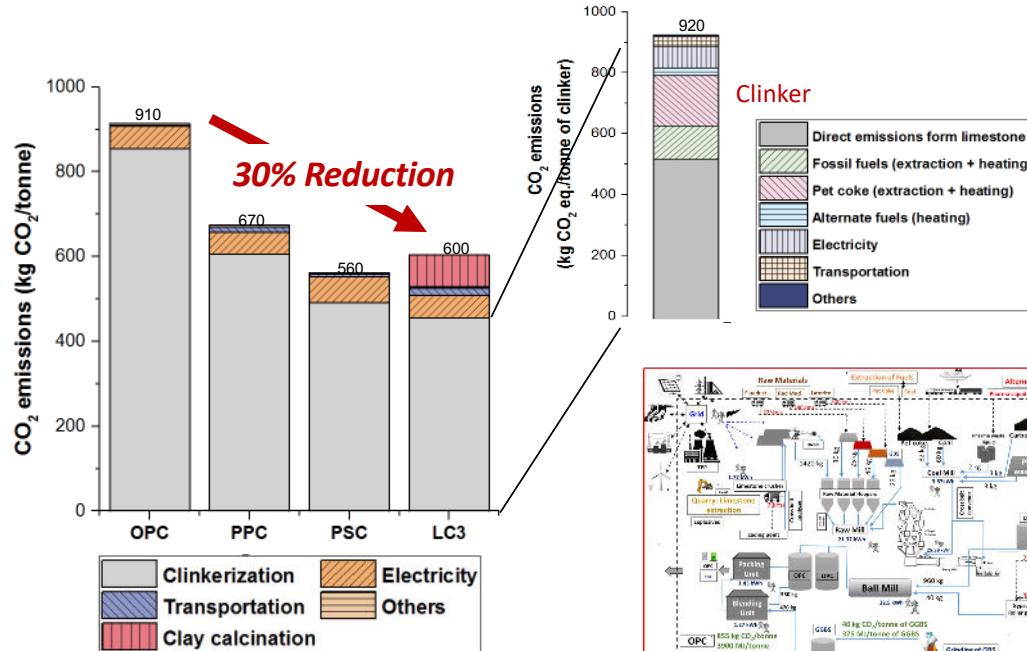
Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)



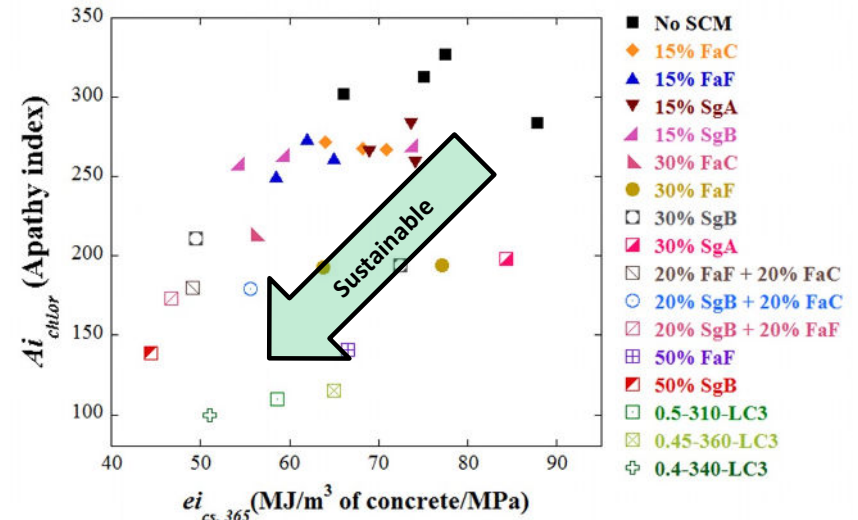
Cement

Concrete Mixes

Low-carbon materials



Process mapping of cement manufacturing



Framework for sustainable concrete design

- Strength and Workability
- Durability

Technology Translation



Concrete foundation
(1000-year design life)
Ayodhya



125 years service life
Coastal Bridge, **Kollam, Kerala**



Durable repair (50-year life extension)
Rashtrapati Bhawan, New Delhi

Low-carbon materials

Technology Translation



Lean project delivery for
Godrej Constructions, Mumbai



Guest house construction
(3D concrete printing)
IIT Madras, Chennai



Structural assessment of 3D printed panels



BEFORE TESTING



AFTER TESTING



DISMANTLED FROM TEST SETUP

Our collaborators – Industry

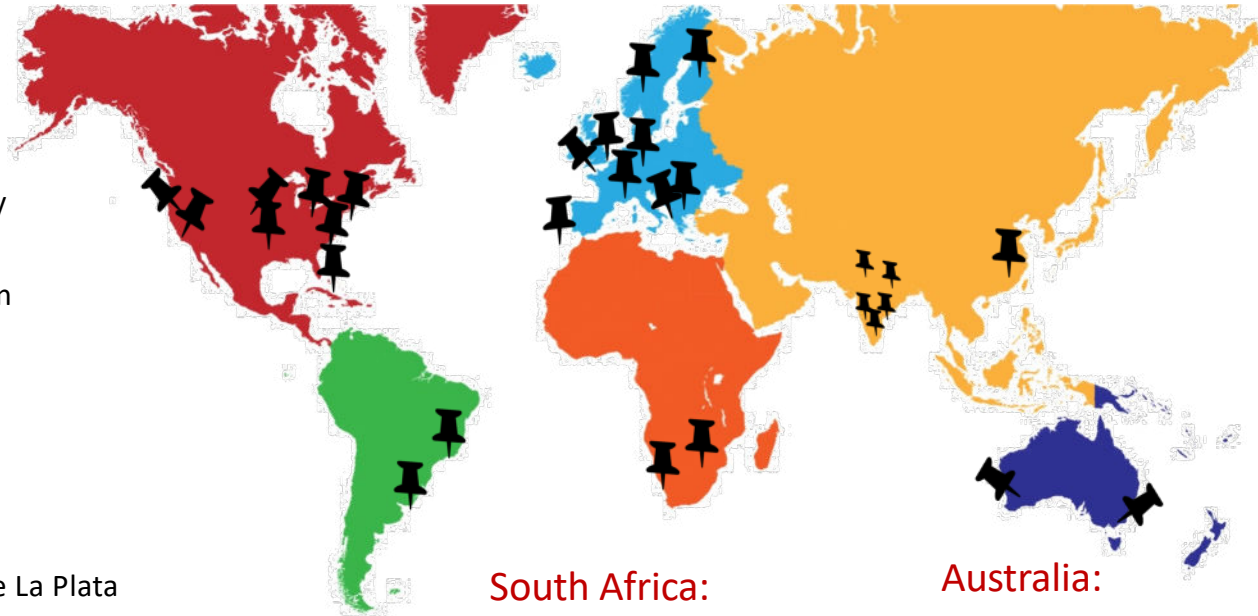


Our collaborators – Academic



North America:

- Massachusetts Institute of Technology
- Oregon State University
- Texas State University
- Clemson University
- Michigan State University
- Stanford University
- Univ. of Texas at Arlington
- Univ. of Toronto
- Virginia Tech Univ.
- Arizona State Univ.



South America:

- Universidad Nacional de La Plata (Argentina)
- Univ. Federal de Rio de Janeiro (Brazil)

South Africa:

- Univ. of Cape Town
- Univ. of Witwatersrand

Australia:

- University of New South Wales
- Curtin University

UK & Europe:

- University of Leeds
- Norwegian University of Science and Technology
- Brunel University
- Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Germany
- Politecnico di Milano, Italy

Asia:

- Hong Kong Polytechnic University (China)
- National University of Singapore
- IIT Bombay
- IIT Roorkee
- IIT Kanpur
- IIT Tirupati
- NIT Calicut
- MACE, Kerala



Thank you!

- manus@iitm.ac.in
- <https://civil.iitm.ac.in/faculty/manus>
- <https://tlc2.iitm.ac.in>

Some images taken from the internet for representational purposes.



3rd Young Researchers' Symposium & Awards 2025
on Technologies for Low-Carbon & Lean Construction



January 27, 2025 (Monday) | (9 am to 5 pm IST) | @ Research Park, IIT Madras

About the Symposium

Young Researchers' Symposium is a premium international forum for senior PhD students and recent doctoral graduates to showcase their cutting-edge research outcomes in the areas of Technologies for Low-Carbon and Lean Construction (TLC2).

Prestigious Surendra P. Shah Award is given to the best speaker of YRS



PROF. SURENDRA P. SHAH

Presidential Distinguished Professor, Center for Advanced Construction Materials University of Texas at Arlington, USA
Distinguished Professor, IIT Madras

Winners of previous YRS



Dr. Payam Sadrolodabaee
Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya
Barcelona, Spain



Dr. Rohit Prajapati
University of Cambridge, UK



Dr. Purnima Dogra
IIT Delhi, India

What you need to do ?

Send 200 words Abstract and 5-minute video on your PhD thesis by November 20, 2024



[Submission link](https://tlc2.iitm.ac.in/tlc2-events/yrs-2025/)



tlc2.iitm.ac.in/tlc2-events/yrs-2025/